

Simulation of Digital Tilt Sensor

Case Study of scFLOW

Using scFLOW to simulate free surface and electrostatics, and to verify results with experiments

Analysis Purpose

To predict sensitivity of a capacitive tilt sensor which contains an air bubble, both the bubble shape and an electrostatic field must be analyzed. scFLOW is used to establish an accurate and effective method of analyzing the bubble shape first and electrostatic field subsequently. Verification of the results using experiments is also shown.

Analysis example

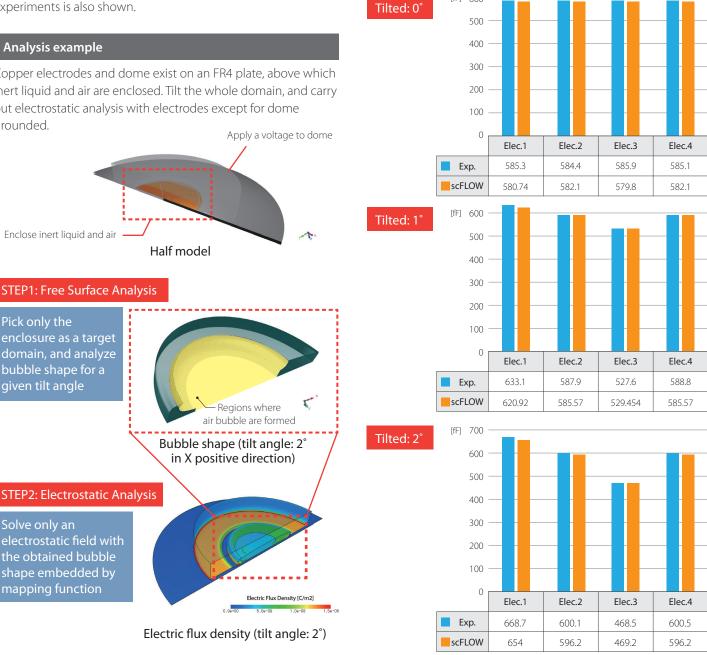
Copper electrodes and dome exist on an FR4 plate, above which inert liquid and air are enclosed. Tilt the whole domain, and carry out electrostatic analysis with electrodes except for dome grounded.

Comparison with experiments: Dependence on tilt angles

Quantitative comparison with experiments is made by measuring a capacitance value of each electrode.

[fF] 600

Within a measurement error (approx. ±20fF), dependence of sensitivity on a tilt angle is successfully reproduces.



Notes

• scFLOW was used to simulate both a bubble shape and an electrostatic field in a tilt sensor.

- The result well agreed with experiments within a measurement error for 0 to 2° of tilt angles.
- The analyzed bubble shape was succeeded to electrostatic analysis by mapping function, which enables an accurate simulation with less computational cost by employing different mesh specialized to each simulation.