

Predicting Marine Propeller Cavitation

Case Study of SC/Tetra

Measurement

Using SC/Tetra to predict propeller cavitation including tip vortex region

Cavitation Flow Analysis

Cavitation in fluid machinery causes device degradation, vibration, and erosion. CFD can be used to predict the extent of cavitation during the propeller design and development phases, which reduces design cycle time and cost.

In this case study, CFD was used to simulate cavitation in a marine propeller, focusing especially on tip vortex cavitation. Analysis results and experimental measurements were compared and evaluated.

[1] Fujiyama, K. et al, smp'11 Workshop on Cavitation and Propeller Performance, 2011

Mesh generation using mesh adaptation analysis

Potsdam Propeller Test Case (PPTC)



Notes

SC/Tetra was used to accurately predict both the extent of cavitation around a marine propeller and the changes in thrust associated with the cavitation. Using mesh adaptation analysis to generate fine mesh elements, SC/Tetra accurately simulated local phenomena, such as tip vortex cavitation.